230 V AC



# Electronic transformer 12 V AC 50 W







Protection degree IP: Protection against dust and strong IP56 stream of water - demand for a connection with the protection degree IP not lower than IP56



Mounting outdoor



ETW50 transformer with the nominal output power of 50 W is designed to cooperate with halogen light sources supplied with 12 V AC. It has a high level of IP protection, which makes its application possible in places with a strong exposure to humidity (e.g. bathrooms) and outside buildings. ETW50 transformer can supply very low loads (0W) and additionally has a range of protections (against short circuit, overload, thermal) and patented solutions that prolong the lifespan of halogen bulbs and improve their safe use. The connection is done with the use of connection cables. The transformer can cooperate with intelligent types of lighting dimmers.

- · nominal output voltage 12 V DC,
- nominal power 0 ÷ 50 W,
- protections against: short circuit, overload,
- long term operation reliability,
  output connection cables of 150 mm.

The total load power must not exceed 50 W.

za<sub>MeL</sub>



**ledix** 

Electronic transformer

12 V A

**ETW50** 

Zamel Sp. z o.o.

zaMeL

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230 V AC / 50 W IP56 weight: 130 a



EN 61347-1, EN 61347-2-2, EN 61547, EN 55015, EN 61000-3-2, EN 60598







Declaration of Conformity is on www.ledix.pl Made in EU

ETW50 GB Ver. 02

### **DESCRIPTION**

ETW50 transformer with the nominal output power of 50 W is designed to cooperate with halogen light sources supplied with 12V AC. It has a high level of IP protection, which makes its application possible in places with a strong exposure to humidity (e.g. bathrooms) and outside buildings. ETW50 transformer can supply very low loads (0W) and additionally has a range of protections (against short circuit, overload, thermal) and patented solutions that prolong the lifespan of halogen bulbs and improve their safe use. The connection is done with the use of connection cables. The transformer can cooperate with intelligent types of lighting dimmers

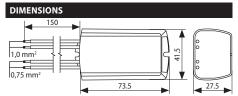
TECHNICAL DATA		
Output		
Output voltage:	11,5 V AC	
Output power range:	0 ÷ 50 W	
Nominal output current:	4,3 A	
Power factor:	0,99	
Input		
Nominal supply voltage:	230 V AC	
Nominal frequency:	50/60 Hz	
Voltage tolerance:	-15% ÷ +10%	
Nominal input current:	0,22 A	
Other		
Temperature protections:	Yes - returnable ≥100 °C	
Short circuit protection:	Yes - returnable	
Overload protection:	Yes > 200%Pn	
Operating temperature range:	0 ÷ 40 °C	
Mounting:	Surface	
Casing protection degree:	IP56*	
Protection class:	II	
Dimensions:	73,5 x 41,5 x 27,5 mm	
Weight:	130 g	
Reference standard:	EN 61347-1, EN 61347-2-2, EN 61547, EN 55015, EN 61000-3-2, EN 60598	

<sup>\*</sup> refers to the casing - in order to keep the protection degree it is necessary to perform the connection of IP degree not lower than IP56

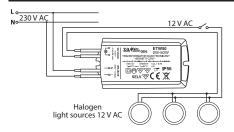
## MOUNTING

CAUTION! The power supply device connection to a single-phase installation must be done in accordance with standards valid in a particular country. Installation, connection and control should be carried out by a qualified electrician staff, who act in accordance with the service manual and the device functions.

- 1. Disconnect power supply by the phase fuse, the circuit-breaker or the switch-disconnector combined to the proper circuit.
- Check if there is no voltage on connection cables by means of a special measure equipment.
- 3. Connect the output cables in accordance with the connection dia-
- 4. Mount the ETW transformer in the desired place.
- 5. Switch on the power supply from the mains.
- The transformer shall be installed in a place with a good heat abstraction.
- Total power capacity can not exceed the nominal power of the transformer.



### **CONNECTION DIAGRAM**



#### MOUNTING INDICATIONS

- In case of flush mounting, it is necessary to keep the minimum distances shown in (Fig. 1),
- keep the minimum distance of 30 cm between the transformer and the light bulb or another transformer (Fig. 2),
- output cables must be as short as possible (up to 2 m) and their length for the particular light bulbs must be equal,
- transformers' outputs shall not be connected,
- dimmers must be mounted from the transformer's side (side 230 V AC),
- carry out the connection according to Fig. 4 if there is a big distance between light bulbs and the transformer (power supply must be on both sides of the circuit),
- the wiring must be done in such a way the 230 V AC input cables would not intersect with 12 V AC output cables (Fig. 5).

Transformer	Minimum cross-section of input cables for the nominal load	Total cross-section of output cables for the nominal load
ETW50/60	2 x 0,25 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 1 mm <sup>2</sup>
ETW70	2 x 0,4 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>
ETW105	2 x 0,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>
ETW150	2 x 1 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x (2 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> )
ETW210	2 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x (2 x 1,5 mm <sup>2</sup> )

Fig. 1

